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RULES CLEARINGHOUSE

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CLEARINGHOUSE RULE 00-053

Comments

[NOTE: All citations to "Manual" in the comments below are to the Administrative Rules Procedures Manual, prepared by the Revisor of Statutes Bureau and the Legislative Council Staff, dated September 1998.]

I. Statutory Authority

SECTION 2 of Clearinghouse Rule 00-053, which ends the process for phasing in use value taxation of agricultural land and implements full use value taxation as of January 1, 2000, appears to be without statutory authority.

a. Introduction

As will be explained in more detail below, it is probable that a court would hold that s. 70.32 (2r), Stats., does not authorize the Department of Revenue (DOR) to end the process for implementing use value assessment of agricultural land and that the statutory language is unambiguous on this point. In addition, as will also be explained below, even if a court were to determine that s. 70.32 (2r) is ambiguous concerning this point, the legislative history of s. 70.32 (2r), Stats., to which the court would turn to determine the legislative intent of the statute, also supports an interpretation that DOR does not have the authority to end the process for implementing use value assessment of agricultural land and to implement full use value assessment as of January 1, 2000.

b. Text of Statute

The following is the text of s. 70.32 (2r), Stats.:

- (a) For the assessments as of January 1, 1996, and January 1, 1997, or until the farmland advisory council under s. 73.03 (49) makes its recommendation, but not to extend beyond January 1, 2009, the assessed value of each parcel of agricultural land is the assessed value of that parcel as of January 1, 1995.
- (b) For each year beginning with 1998 or upon completion of the farmland advisory council's recommendation and promulgation of rules and ending no later than December 31, 2008, the assessed value of the parcel shall be reduced as follows:
- 1. Subtract the value of the parcel as determined according to the income that is or could be generated from its rental for agricultural use, as determined by rule, from its assessed value as of January 1, 1996.
- 2. Multiply .1 by the number of years that the parcel has been assessed under this paragraph, including the current year.
- 3. Multiply the amount under subd. 1. by the decimal under subd. 2.
- 4. Subtract the amount under subd. 3. from the parcel's assessed value as of January 1, 1996.
- (c) For the assessment as of the January 1 after the valuation method under par. (b) no longer applies and for each assessment thereafter, agricultural land shall be assessed according to the income that could be generated from its rental for agricultural use.

c. Discussion

There are certain well-established rules that courts use in interpreting statutes. First, a statute must be construed so as to effectuate the intent of the Legislature. [County of Columbia v. Bylewski, 94 Wis. 2d 153, 164, 288 N.W.2d 129 (1980).] Second, the primary source used in construing a statute is the statutory language itself. [State v. Sher, 149 Wis. 2d 1, 8-9, 437 N.W.2d 878 (1989).] Courts will not generally resort to sources other than the language of statutes to interpret them unless there is ambiguity in the statutory language. [Department of Transportation v. Transportation Commission, 111 Wis. 2d 80, 87-88, 330 N.W.2d 159 (1983).]

(I) Plain Meaning of Statute is Unambiguous

Section 70.32 (2r) (b), Stats., establishes the procedure for phasing in the use valuation of agricultural land. Under this statutory paragraph, the only role of the FAC and the DOR is, respectively, to issue a "recommendation" and to promulgate administrative rules for the phase-in period to *begin*. The word "or" between the phrases "for each year beginning with" and "upon completion of the farmland advisory council's recommendation and promulgation of

rules" clearly indicates that recommendation of the FAC and rules promulgated by DOR only affect when the phase-in period is to begin. The statutory paragraph provides that, once the phase-in period begins, the January 1, 1996 value of a parcel of agricultural land is to be reduced for each subsequent year's assessment by 10% of the difference between the 1996 value and the parcel's assessed value for agricultural use.

Some might argue that the phrase "and ending no later than December 31, 2008" implies that the phase in can be ended *earlier* than that date by DOR. However, it appears more reasonable to interpret this phrase as providing a flexible date for ending the phase-in period to accommodate the contingency that the phase-in period could begin on alternate dates under s. 70.32 (2r) (b), Stats. Because the statute is intended to phase in use value assessment of agricultural land at 10% per year, the phase-in period should end with the assessment in the ninth year and full use value assessment should begin in the subsequent year. These dates, of course, depend upon when the phase-in period is begun.

In addition, the phrase "and ending no later than December 31, 2008" also appears to provide a statutory guarantee that full use value assessment of agricultural land will occur for the assessment of property as of January 1, 2009 even if the phrase-in period does not begin in time for it to be fully completed by that date.

(2) Statute is Ambiguous, Extrinsic Sources Used to Determine Legislative Intent

If a court finds the language of a statute to be ambiguous, it turns to sources outside of the text of the statute to assist in determining the legislative intent of the statute. If a court were to find s. 70.32 (2r), Stats., ambiguous concerning whether the DOR, upon the recommendation of the FAC, may terminate the phase in of use value of assessment of agricultural land and implementing full use value assessment of agricultural land on January 1, 2000, it would turn to extrinsic sources to determine the legislative intent as to this question.

One source of legislative history that would likely be highly influential to a court in determining the legislative intent of s. 70.32 (2r), Stats., is the budget summary document prepared by the Legislative Fiscal Bureau (LFB). "Reports prepared by the Legislative Fiscal Bureau are official reports of a legislatively created committee" and are "clearly valid evidence of legislative intent." [Ball v. District No. 4, 117 Wis. 2d 529, 345 N.W.2d 389 (1984).] Legislative documents prepared while the Legislature is debating a bill are more influential to the court in ascertaining legislative intent, but even those prepared shortly after a statute is enacted are influential. "Not all of the Legislative Fiscal Bureau reports were available to the Legislature prior to adoption of the 1995 amendments; some were issued after the 1995 amendments were adopted. But even Legislative Fiscal Bureau reports not available to the Legislature prior to enactment of a statutory provision are official interpretations by a legislative agency that worked with the Legislature during the adoption of the statutory provisions in issue. Such post enactment legislative agency reports may therefore be of aid when determining legislative intent, although they may be less persuasive of reports issued prior to enactment." [Juneau v. Courthouse Employees, 221 Wis. 2d 630, 648, 585 N.W.2d 587 (1998).]

Volume 2 of the LFB's Comparative Summary of Budget Provisions for the 1995-97 Wisconsin State Budget, at page 947, provides a description of the provisions relating to use

value assessment of agricultural land. The most relevant portions of this document read as follows:

For 1997 assessments [apparently, the LFB assumed the recommendation of the FAC and rules promulgated by DOR would be prepared in time to affect the 1997 assessment], value agricultural land at its 1995 assessment minus a percentage of the difference between the property's 1995 assessment and its use value assessment. Set the percentage at 10% times the number of years the property has been assessed under this provision. Continue to value agricultural land under this provision until the assessment for 2008. Presumably, the assessment on agricultural land would equal its use value assessment if the adjustment under this provision would cause the property's assessment to fall below its use value. Agricultural land could be valued under this provision in 1996 if the council has made its recommendation and if DOR has promulgated administrative rules by the 1996 assessment date. Presumably, the phase-down provision would take precedence over the freeze provision in this case.

For assessments beginning in 2008, require local assessors to value agricultural land based on the income that is generated or could be generated by the land's rental for agricultural use. Presumably, this would occur sooner if the phase-down provision results in a value that would be lower than the use value.

Therefore, the LFB document interpreting s. 70.32 (2r), Stats., states that the only factor which might cause the phase-in provision of use value of agricultural land to end prior to 2008 is if the phase-in provision results in a value of agricultural land that is less than the property's use value. Nowhere in this document is there any indication that the statute might allow DOR, with or without a recommendation by the FAC, to terminate the phase-in provision.

A second source a court would likely turn in order to ascertain the intent of s. 70.32 (2r) if it found the statutory language ambiguous is administrative rules implementing use value taxation promulgated by the DOR. "The contemporaneous construction and official interpretation given a statute by those responsible for its administration may be used in ascertaining legislative intent." [Wauwatosa v. Milwaukee County, 22 Wis. 2d 184, 189, 125 N.W.2d 386 (1963).] The DOR promulgated s. Tax 18.08, Wis. Adm. Code, to implement the phase-in of use value assessment of agricultural land in 1998. This rule was promulgated in September of 1997 for assessments beginning January 1, 1998. Section Tax 18.08 (3), states that:

In 2008, and thereafter, the assessment of each parcel of agricultural land shall be its use value, as determined under s. Tax 18.07 (3) (b).

There is no indication in s. Tax 18.08 that the phase-in of use value assessment of agricultural land might be terminated by DOR prior to the year 2008 based upon a recommendation of the FAC. Although it might be argued that s. Tax 18.08, Wis. Adm. Code, does not provide that the use value assessment of agricultural land may be terminated prior to the year 2008 because the DOR would promulgate a new administrative rule to do so, the fact that no indication is made of this contingency, coupled with the LFB report described above, would be quite persuasive to a court in determining the intent of s. 70.32 (2r), Stats.

2. Form, Style and Placement in Administrative Code

- a. Section Tax 18.05 (1) (e) and (f) are created by Clearinghouse Rule 00-053. Therefore, s. Tax 18.05 (1) (e) and (f) should be treated in a separate section of Clearinghouse Rule 00-053, which should state that: "Section Tax 18.05 (1) (e) and (f) are created to read:". In addition, the language in these two paragraphs should not be underscored. Also, the treatment clause of Section 1 should read: "Section Tax 18.05 (1) (a), (b) and (c) are amended to read:". [See s. 1.04, Manual.]
- b. The references to "subpar." in s. Tax 18.05 (1) (d), (e) and (f) should be replaced with a reference to "par.". In s. Tax 18.05 (1) (f), the notation "Wis. stats." should be replaced by the notation "Stats." [See s. 1.07 (2), Manual.]

FISCAL ESTIMATE FORM	2	199	9 Session	
☑ ORIGINAL □ UPDATED	9	LRB # INTRODUCTION #		
☐ CORRECTED ☐ SUPPLEMENTAL				
Subject	Admin. Rule #	TAX 18.05 and 18.08		
Full Implementation of Use-	Value Assessment of A	gricultural Land		
riscai Effect		g. routes, et Derrie		
State: No State Fiscal Effect Check columns below only if bill makes a direct appropriation or affects a sum sufficient appropriation		☐ Increase Costs - May be Possible to Absorb Within Agency's Budget ☐ Yes ☐ No		
The state of the s	Existing Revenues			
 □ Decrease Existing Appropriation □ Create New Appropriation 		☐ Decrease Costs		
The state of the s	ee text of fiscal note	Decicase costs		
	crease Revenues	5. Types of Local Governmen	ntal Linite Affected	
☐ Permissive ☐ Mandatory ☐	Permissive Mandatory	☐ Towns ☐ Villages		
2. ☐ Decrease Costs 4. ☐ De	ecrease Revenues	☑ Counties ☐ Others	23 000	
	Permissive Mandatory	School Districts W	/TCS Districts	
Fund Sources Affected	Affected Ch. 20	Appropriations		
☐ GPR ☐ FED ☐ PRO ☐ PRS ☒ SEG ☐] SEG-S			
Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate:				
"agricultural use" is defined by reference includes land eligible for enrollment in sp. Under the proposed rule, use value asse amends the definition of agricultural use Industrial Classification System reference agricultural programs, includes land in collands enrolled in those programs are in a	ecified rederal agricultus ssment is fully impleme to update the 1987 SIC es. The proposed rule	ented beginning in 2000 references to 1997 No). The proposed rule orth American	
Summary of Fiscal Effect. The fiscal effect. January 1, 2000, is a reduction in the tax taxes from agricultural land to other class \$41 million is shifted to other taxable pro aid distribution formulas shared revenujurisdictions with little or no agricultural la important. In addition, state forestry taxe 2007. The decrease in 2000 will be \$380.	cable value of agricultureses of taxable property perty and a total of \$16 ues and school aids value to jurisdictions where will decrease upder	ral land and a conseque in each year from 2000 34 million is shifted by 2 will reallocate aids away re agricultural land is re	ent shift in property to 2007. In 2000, 007. Equalizing state from taxing	
The provisions updating the definition of	"agricultural use" have	a minimal fiscal effect.		
	(continu	ed on page two)		
Long-Range Fiscal Implications:				
Agency/Prepared by: (Name & Phone No.)	Authorized Signature/Teleph	one No.	Date	
Wisconsin Department of Revenue	Yeang-Eng Braun		Date	
Blair P. Kruger, (608) 266-1310		ang By Brain	3/3/00	

FISCAL ESTIMATE FORM TAX 18.05 and 18.08 Page 3

1999 average school tax rate would be about \$10.59 (\$2.8 bil. / \$264.4 bil.) per \$1,000 or \$0.07 per \$1,000 greater than under the current rule. Tax rate changes will vary among school districts, ranging from no change up to an increase of about \$0.70 per \$1,000. Technical college tax rates would increase by an average of about \$0.01 per \$1,000 under the proposed rule.

State Forestry Taxes. Assuming a \$1.9 billion decrease in total value, state forestry taxes in 2000 would decrease by about \$380,000 (\$1.9 bil. x 0.0002) under the proposed rule. State forestry taxes would decrease by a total of about \$1.5 million from 2000 to 2007.

Administrative Costs. Municipal assessment costs may decrease under the proposed rule since local assessors would not have to calculate the annual changes required under the phase in.

The proposed rule would require minor revisions to the Wisconsin Property Assessment Manual. The cost of the revisions would be absorbed.

CLEARINGHOUSE RULE NUMBER 00-053

SECTION 227.19 (2) AND (3), STATS., REPORT

Need for the Proposed Rule

The proposed rule is necessary to timely comply with the Farmland Advisory Council's recommendation of October 18, 1999 to implement full use value assessment of agricultural land, beginning with assessments as of January 1, 2000. In addition, the proposed rule provides owners of agricultural land with relief from property taxes at a time of distress in the farm economy.

The proposed rule also amends the definition of "agricultural use". (1) References to the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification Manual are replaced by references to the 1997 North American Industrial Classification System. (2) References to federal agricultural programs that constitute agricultural use are updated. (3) Land enrolled in specified state agricultural programs is defined as being in agricultural use if such land was in agricultural use at the time of enrollment.

Public Hearing

The Department held a public hearing on the proposed rule on April 11, 2000. Previously, on January 7, 2000, the Department had held a public hearing on the emergency rule implementing full use value assessment of agricultural land as of January 1, 2000. The difference between the proposed rule and the emergency rule is that the emergency rule only implemented full use value assessment; it did not make the above 3 changes to the definition of "agricultural use".

The proposed rule and the emergency rule generated a substantial amount of public comment, most of which was in support. Appendix 1 lists the persons that testified, registered, or submitted written comments in support of, or in opposition to, the proposed rule at the public hearing on April 11, 2000. Appendix 2 lists the persons that testified, registered, or submitted written comments in support of, or in opposition to, the emergency rule at the public hearing on January 7, 2000. In addition, transcripts of the public hearings on the rules are provided on the enclosed disk for your information. Copies of correspondence regarding the rules are available on request.

As a result of the public hearing, the proposed rule was revised to include land enrolled in the Conservation Contract Program (CCP) under 7 C.F.R. 1951, Subpt. S, Exh. H, if the land was in agricultural use at the time of enrollment. Under the CCP, a landowner may discharge up to one-third of his or her debt to the federal Farm Services Agency by placing land under a conservation contract. However, the landowner may not place so much land under contract that he or she would be unable to maintain a viable farming operation. The primary justification for including this program is that it directly promotes farming by requiring that, after enrolling a portion of his or her land in the program, the landowner must still be able to operate a viable farming operation on his or her land that is not enrolled in the program.

Legislative Council Staff Comments

The Legislative Council staff had 2 comments regarding the proposed rule. (1) The Department of Revenue does not have statutory authority to end the phase in of use value assessment of agricultural land and implement full use value assessment as of January 1, 2000. (2) The form, style and placement of the proposed rule in the Administrative Code require minor changes.

The Department disagrees with the Legislative Council staff legal analysis on the first point. However, the issue will be decided by a Dane County Circuit Court since a lawsuit has been filed challenging the Department's authority to implement full use value by emergency rule. On April 14, 2000, the Court denied a motion for a temporary injunction to suspend the emergency rule implementing full use value assessment, set a briefing schedule, and is expected to issue summary judgment by May 31, 2000.

The Department has revised the proposed rule in accordance with the Legislative Council staff's second point.

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis

The proposed rule order does not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small businesses.

APPENDIX 1

List of persons, including their affiliation or municipality, who testified or registered in support of, or in opposition to, the proposed rule at the public hearing on April 11, 2000 and persons who submitted comments on the proposed rule for entry into the public record.

The following persons testified in support of the proposed rule:

Blaska, Gregory

Bradley, Jerry Brickner, Larry

Cliff, Roger Dummer, Mike Francisco, Gene

Gumz, Marcus Halbur, Bernard Hamm, Don

Malchine, John Porter, Howard Ramisch, Joshua

Reichow, Armin Robertson, Remel Samuelson, Glenn Zeuske, Cate Dane County Farmers Union and Wisconsin

Farmers Union

President, Dane County Farm Bureau President, Wisconsin National Farmers

Organization

Wisconsin Farm Bureau

Wisconsin National Farmers Organization Division of Forestry Administrator, Department

of Natural Resources

Fond du Lac County Farm Bureau National Director, National Farmers

Organization

Member, Farmland Advisory Council

Farm Bureau

Agronomy Department, University of

Wisconsin-Madison

Juneau

Wisconsin National Farmers Organization

Merrill

Secretary of Revenue and Chair, Farmland

Advisory Council

The following persons registered in support of the proposed rule:

Armitage, Don
Bartholomew, Carol
Bartholomew, Robert
Benedict, Delbert

Benson, Miles Burkes, Dennis Butson, Jim Craig, Randal

Daniels, Carl DeBeck, Harold

Dexter, John Ehrhart. Ken

Gunderson, David

Habeck, Phyllis and Roy

Hahn, Gene Hanson, Donald Dane County Farm Bureau, Madison

Waukesha County Farm Bureau, Big Bend Waukesha County Farm Bureau, Big Bend

Farm Bureau Wisconsin Rapids Johnson Creek

Grant County Farm Bureau, Platteville Waukesha County Farm Bureau, Big Bend Kenosha County Farm Bureau, Union Grove

Farm Bureau, Muskego Farm Bureau, Racine Farm Bureau, Union Grove

Waterford

Farm Bureau, Shawano

Representative, Wisconsin State Assembly

Union Grove

Hanson, Donna Hanson, Jim Holloway, Warren Hying, Germaine Hying, James Jacobson, Beth Jacobson, Keith Jones, A Williams Karczewski, Mary Kevek, John Koetterhagen, Cletus Koetterhagen, Ione Kojin, Joseph Lacy, Paul Ludwig, Matthew Lui, Jerome Malchine, Kevin Manske, John

Maurer, Gerald Moyer, James Muhlenbeck, Betty O'Brien, Patrick Olson, Mary Pena, Alison

Petersen, Ken
Peterson, Collette
Porter, George
Porter, Judith
Ranke, Harold
Ranke, Norma
Rankin, Gordon
Roark, Eugene N
Robert Bartholomew, Carol and
Schmitz, Donald

Scott, Gertrude
Scott, John
Sesto, Russell
Spittlemeister, Eileen
Statz, Ron
Strutt, Thomas
Teschendorf, Roland
Vos, Art
Vos, Donald
Vos, Warren Holloway,
Weir, Russell J

Wisconsin Farm Bureau, Union Grove Union Grove Kenosha County Farm Bureau, Kenosha Wisconsin Farm Bureau, Muscoda Wisconsin Farm Bureau, Muscoda Racine County Farm Bureau, Franksville Franksville Waukesha County Farm Bureau, Mukwonago Farm Bureau, Kansasville Farm Bureau, Pleasant Prairie Farm Bureau, Burlington Racine County Farm Bureau, Burlington Racine County Farm Bureau, Waterford Farm Bureau, Fitchburg Bristol Farm Bureau, Racine Waterford Wisconsin Federation of Cooperatives, Madison Wisconsin Farm Bureau, Madison Union Grove Farm Bureau, Kenosha Farm Bureau, Fitchburg Shiocton USDA, Natural Resource Conservation Service, Madison Franksville Farm Bureau, Franksville

Waukesha County Farm Bureau, Mukwonago Racine County Farm Bureau, Waterford Racine County Farm Bureau, Waterford Wisconsin Farm Bureau, Sussex Wisconsin Woodland Owners Assn, Madison Farm Bureau, Big Bend Fond du Lac County Farm Bureau, Fond du Wisconsin Farm Bureau, Caledonia Racine County Farm Bureau, Caledonia **Union Grove** Farm Bureau, Shawano National Farm Organization, Prairie du Sac Iowa County Farm Bureau, Ridgeway Oak Creek Burlington Farm Bureau, Burlington Farm Bureau, Union Grove Farm Bureau, Burlington

APPENDIX 1 (continued)

Welks, Loretta Whitcomb, Jan

Williams, Ron

Racine County Farm Bureau, Union Grove USDA, Natural Resource Conservation

Service, Madison

Farm Bureau, Waukesha

The following persons submitted written comments in support of the proposed rule:

Albinger, Kenneth P Belling, Eugene Festge, Pam

Rowley, Kenneth H

Abel, Marlin
Andrew, Roger
Arneson, John H
Back, Delores
Bagnall, John
Barrett, David W
Bartel, Christa
Bartel, Tim

Beguhl, Elaine Behm, Walter W Bennett, Beverly M

Berg, Jerold

Bettenhausen, Lloyd Betzalt, Thelma J

Beyer, Clint

Beyer, Kenn and Diane

Bishop, Ross B

Bleskey, James and Charlotte Boettcher, Herman and Patricia

Bork, Angie Borner, Gordon Bragger, Joe H

Brattset, Weenonah and Harold

Breitlow, Mary L

Brown, Brian and Yvonne

Brown, Wallace G Bruckert, Theresa Buchinger, Paul Buening, Paul

Bula, Gary and Lynda

Butson, Jim Buyarsk, Richard Carrell, Charles J Check, Leonard Christ, Rudy Chunat, Orlyn D President, Ozaukee County Farm Bureau President, Fond du Lac County Farm Bureau State Committee Chair, Wisconsin USDA Farm

Service Agency

President, Walworth County Farm Bureau

President, Wa Berlin La Farge Stoughton Sheboygan Sturgeon Bay Luxemburg Manawa Manawa Kansasville Merrill

Merrill
Geason
Cascade
Brodhead
Amery
Manawa
Manawa

Jackson
Wautoma
Bloomer
Fountain City
Beldenville
Independence
Jefferson
Algoma

Belleville Darlington West Bend Hilbert Avoca

Grand Marsh
Platteville
Green Bay
Cornell
Wauzeha
Independence
Prairie du Chien

Condon, Kevin Cook, Lawrence C

Cooper, Maurice E and Geraldine F

Daniels, Earl and Shirley

De Boer, Edgar Decker, David Diehles, Kenneth Dorow, Randy Earleywine, Steven

Edler, Craig Ehrhart, Darlene Eisentraut, Wayne Elverman, Charles

Engel, Betty

Ergebretser, Barbara Evans, Voldan Fahey, Tammy A Featherstone, Marshall

Fernholz, Lee Roy Foeger, Cletus Freer, Russell Freise, William

Furseth, Dan and Cathy

Gagas, Gene

Gamache, Ron and Caroline

Gardner, Bob and Mary

Garvey, Pamela J Gierach, Kevin Giese, Ruben Gilbertson, Kevin J Grant, Jim and Mary

Gudex, Sam
Gunderson, Brian
Gunderson, David
Haigh, William A
Halbur, Bernard
Hanson, Harold W
Hanson, James
Harrison, Lynn E
Hartman, Michael
Hedsendorf, Melvin R
Held, Charles and Paul

Helmuth, Harold Henieck, Ruth Herbison, Joyce Hilliard, Roger Hoffman, Richard C Hoffmann, Eileen M Fort Atkinson De Forest Union Grove

Oshkosh

Emerald Wautoma Janesville Hortonville

Brodhead Browntown Union Grove Waupaca

Burlington New Holstein

Cecil

Wisconsin Rapids

Edgar
Walworth
Arcadia
Fountain City
Milltown
Melrose
Stoughton

Rosholt
St Croix Falls
Pittsville

Pittsville Centuria West Bend Gresham Elk Mound Almond

Campbellsport
Waterford
Waterford
Eleva
Fond du Lac
Marshfield
Stoughton

Stoughton
Elk Mound
Antigo
Jackson
Slinger
Glen Flora
Franksville
Plum City

Wisconsin Dells

Lancaster West Bend

Holl, George and Marion

Holte, James A

Holterman, Lloyd W and Daphne

Isely, Jeff

Isherwood, James R

Jaeger, Gerald Jeferson, Ben

Jerrett, Larry Johnson, Glen C

Kaun, Gary

Kesler, Robert R and Lucy

Kinstetter, Elmer J

Kleindl, Earl

Klieber, Bernie and Nancy

Koch, James A Kohlhejy, Elmer M Kohlhepp, Alvin

Kohlwey, Otto Kohlwey, Shirley

Kojns, Joseph M Kowalske, Elmer

John H Knoch

Kragness, Dennis

Krause, Wayne and Marion

Krautkramer, Paul Kruger, James R Ksiozl, Michael A

Kuepper, Paul and Jean

Kugel, Chuck Kulke, Gerhardt Kvigue. Stephen A Larson, Richard Limberg, Janet Loberger, Harold Loberger, Ruth

Loty, Herb Ludwig, Matthew P Lund, Donald J Lundgren, Jack MacLean, David

Makholm, Austin C Maly, Paul and Dee

Maney, Shawan Martin, Gleta D Maurer, Gerald H

McFarlin, Daniel J

Meffert, Jack Meinhof, Walter Juneau Elk Mound Watertown

Argyle Plover

Campbellsport Mineral Point

Lancaster Haywood

Hillpoint Menasha Kewaunee

Beaver Dam Whitewater

Fort Atkinson

Eau Claire
Eau Claire

Grafton Saukville Waterford

Cedarburg Westfield

Colfax Berlin

Marathon Westfield

Fredonia Menasha Shawano

Lowell Ferryville

Grantsburg Plymouth

Oconto Oconto

Richfield Bristol

Deerfield Cushing

Elkhorn Gillet

Sun Prairie Cedarburg Hayward

Madison

Wisconsin Dells

Waunakee De Forest

Meyers, John M Meyers, Nancy J Mielke, Debbie Miller, Dale B Mlazwa, Harvey Moe, Clark

Moeker, Keith and Rose

Monson, Gary

Moriejiwski, Roy and Jane Moritz, Lloyd J and Barbara

Moritz, Peter H
Morris, John
Morton, Donald J
Mueller, Earl
Myszka, Larry
Napientek, John T
Natzke, Dan
Ott, Lloyd

Owens, Harold W

Pagel, Eric Palewig, Bob

Papcke, Charles and Elaine

Pedretti, Donald V Pennings, Donald Peterson, Paul Peterson, Phil L Peterson, Randy

Peterson, Walt and Cathy

Pittman, Mel

Porter, Dean and Susan

Porter, George J

Powell, Chad and Dawn Preuninger, Roy and Lulenne

Pubtney, Everett Quilling, Marshall Raddatz, Wesley

Rademacher, Brian and Keith

Radtke, Helen A Ramsden, Kenneth W Rankin, Gordon and Mahalb

Rehbein, Don Retzlaff, Joan Riechers, Joseph W Riley, Thomas P Rippley, Charles Roatz, Jerry and Vicki

Robers, Michael Roos, Richard

Barneveld Barneveld Marion Wonewoo Luxemburg Whitehall Hilbert Gratiot Vesper West Bend West Bend Watertown De Pere Roberts Athens Franklin Greenleaf Wonewoc Fredonia New Holstein

Glenwood City Ekhorn Holmen Grand Chute Readstown Oregon Wilson Catawba Plum City Bloomington Fennimore Norwalk Fort Atkinson Arlington Menomonie Suamico Cottage Grove Mineral Point

Richland Center Sussex Mishicot Cedarburg Darlington Amherst Cochrane Waterloo Exeland Amery

Roquette, Randy

Rupnow, Denis and Jeanette

Salter, Judy
Salter, Mike E
Schank, Willard
Schauf, Karen L
Schepp, Wayne A
Scheunemann, Jeff P
Schlewitz, Devin
Schlough, Lawrence
Schmidt, Dennis C

Schweiner, Kevin and Deneen

Schwittay, Ronald Seamans, Rodney M

Sheahan, Jim

Schmidt, Paul T

Schoesow, Harold

Shefelbine, Douglas and Gale

Shepherd, Yvonne Sherman, Roger F Siedschlag, Herman W Jr

Smith, Barbara A Smith, Dennis

Spittlemeister, Robert and Dolores

Staffanus, Norbert Staffel, Peter and Ann

Stangel, Dan Steege, Don Steglich, Mike Steinbull, Donald J Steiner, Gary Steiner, Ralph

Stelter, Don and Helen

Stone, Rob

Stoneman, William Strasser, Harold Tanner, Gail E Tausche, John L Tews, Carol J Tews, Thomas Theis, Randy Treichel, Milton Turba, Wilfrid

Twardokus, Dale E Utecht, John

Van Deurzen, Donald Vande Slunt, Martha Vander Heiden, Bernard Baldwin Ixonia Black Creek

Black Creek Independence

Barron
Merrill
Cedarburg
Fall Creek
Menomonee
Lancaster
Bonduel
Mequon
Denmark
Peshtigo

La Valle Salem Holmen Osseo Twin Lakes Manitowoc

Rice Lake New London Egg Harbor Delavan

Delavan
Oconto Falls
Kewaunee
Chilton
Turtle Lake
Platteville
Mondavi
Chilton
Montello
Ripon

Montello Ripon Fitchburg Turtle Lake Platteville Green Bay Wausau Marion Verona Greenleaf Elkhart Lake

Mayville Marathon De Pere Brandon Kaukauna

Vogel, Muriel
Volkman, Lance
Wachlof, Ronald
Wantock, Joe
Weden, Lyle
Weizn, Leonard
Weltzun, Gaylord
Wendt, Jerry
Wensel, Jeffrey R
Williams, Joan M
Wiorlin, Arnve J

Witter, Gene and Willie Wodoff, Clarence Woller, Gene J Wollin, Sue S

Woodrich, David and Joan

Wyttenbach, Jon Zajackowski, Mark Zehren, Ronald J Zimdars, Mike Zinck, Robert J

Sturgeon Bay Black Creek Oshkosh Fountain City Wausau **Junction City** Arcadia Stoughton Elena Hancock Saxon Wausau Edgerton Merrill Oregon Walworth

Sauk City Milladore Luxemburg Cedarburg Arena

The following persons testified in opposition to the proposed rule:

Hastings, Jeff

Hewitt, Laura

Knox, Karen

County Conservationist, Vernon County Land

and Water Conservation Department

Upper Midwest Conservation Director, Trout

Unlimited

President, Southwest Wisconsin Technical

College

Poppe, Todd J Vice-President of Finance, Milwaukee Area

Technical College

Rasch, Lee President, Western Wisconsin Technical

College

Read, Harry Madison Audubon Society

The following persons submitted written comments in opposition to the proposed rule:

Executive Board Gabriel, Paul

McCaulley, Jim Rasch, Lee

Read, Harry Schultz, Henry J Wisconsin Association of Assessing Officers Executive Director, Wisconsin Technical

College District Boards Association

Iowa County Land Conservation Department President, Western Wisconsin Technical

College

Conservation Chair, Madison Audubon Society

Clerk, Town of Alma

APPENDIX 2

List of persons, including their affiliation or municipality, who testified or registered in support of, or in opposition to, the emergency rule at the public hearing on January 7, 2000 and persons who submitted comments on the emergency rule for entry into the public record.

The following persons testified in support of the emergency rule:

Alcorn, Lois Arneson, Darlene

Bradley, Jerry Brown, Mary Brazeau Cliff, Roger Coughlin, Victoria

Derr, Jerry Duerst, Thomas Ellickson, Earl Hauser, Dick

Jones, Bruce

Klahn, Ruth Krogstad, Jane

Kuehn, Ron

Lehman, Michael Malchine, John

Nass, Joyce Oleson, Bob

Ott, Al

Peterson, Phil

Richards, Howard Scott Gunderson Steeg, Don Theis, LaVerne Tischendorf, Roland Zeuske, Cate Farmer, Grant County

Farmer and member, Farmland Advisory

Council

Cranberry grower

Farm Bureau Federation

Farmer and President-elect, Wisconsin Women

for Agriculture

Wisconsin Towns Association

Farmer, Verona Farmer, Cambridge

Beef farmer and member, Wisconsin

Cattlemen's Association

Member, Farmland Advisory Council and faculty, UW Department of Agricultural

Economics

Farmer and clerk, Town of Oregon

Farmer and member, Sustainable Vernon.

Town of Vernon, Waukesha County Wisconsin Pork Producers Association, Wisconsin State Cranberry Growers

Association, Wisconsin Potato and Vegetable Growers Association, and Wisconsin Grain

Dealers Association

Representative, Wisconsin State Assembly Farmer and member of Farmland Advisory Council and Wisconsin Department of

Agriculture Board

Farmer, Town of Emmet

Farmer and member, Wisconsin Corn Growers

Association

Representative, Wisconsin State Assembly Farmer and member, Wisconsin Federation of

Cooperatives Farmer, Lodi

Representative, Wisconsin State Assembly

Farmer, Town of Chilton Farmer, Dane County

Secretary of Revenue and Chair, Farmland

Advisory Council

Seefeldt, Connie and James

Sherman, Roger, F Sklar, Richard P Sobotta, James J Soda, Kevin K Sorenson, Chris

Stadler, Rudy and Marcy Stangel, Mrs Dan Stittleburg, Gordon Stittleburg, Jean Stoneman, William Strupp, Michael

Suttie, William and Mary

Theis, Randy Turba, Ken

Van Deurzen, Donald Vorpagel, Kenneth Weber, Wendy Wex, Terry A Woodworth, Peggy

Coleman

Twin Lakes Hillpoint Arcadia

Princeton Pine River Saukville

Kewaunee La Valle La Valle Fitchburg

Slinger Ettrick Verona Elkhart lake De Pere

Mequon Colfax

Grand Marsh

Sparta River Hills

The following persons testified in opposition to the emergency rule:

Greco, Joe Huck, Edward J Lorier, Bob Miller, Michael R

Yost, Gaylord

President, Village of Menomonee Falls

Wisconsin Alliance of Cities

Wisconsin Association of Assessing Officers

Mayor, City of West Bend

The following persons submitted written comments in opposition to the emergency rule:

Burke, Brian Chirko, Thomas and Dorothy Fisk, Paul F Huck, Edward J Walsh, Michael J

Senator, Wisconsin State Senate Cashton

Mayor, City of Lodi

Wisconsin Alliance of Cities Mayor, City of De Pere

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State of Wisconsin • DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE

125 SOUTH WEBSTER STREET ● P.O.BOX 8933 ● MADISON, WISCONSIN 53708-8933 ● 608-266-6466 ● FAX 608-266-5718 ● http://www.dor.state.wi.us

Tommy G. Thompson Governor

Cate Zeuske Secretary of Revenue

May 8, 2000

The Honorable Fred Risser President, State Senate Room 220 South State Capitol P.O. Box 7882 Madison, WI 53707-7882

The Honorable Scott Jensen Speaker, State Assembly Room 211 West State Capitol P.O. Box 8952 Madison, WI 53708

Re: Clearinghouse Rule 00-053

Dear Senator Risser and Representative Jensen:

Pursuant to s. 227.19(2), Stats., this letter is notice that the proposed rule order relating to assessment of agricultural land is in final draft form. The notice of public hearing was published in the March 31, 2000 Wisconsin Administrative Register and the public hearing was held April 11, 2000.

Copies of the proposed rule order and the Report under s. 227.19(2) and (3), Stats., are enclosed. A summary of the proposed rule order follows:

Summary of the Proposed Rule Order

Under the current rule, agricultural use is defined by reference to the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Manual and includes land eligible for enrollment in specified federal agricultural programs. The rule amends the definition of agricultural use to update the 1987 SIC references to 1997 North American Industrial Classification System references. The rule also updates the references to the federal agricultural programs and provides that land enrolled in those programs is in agricultural use. The rule also defines land enrolled in specified state agricultural programs as being in agricultural use if such lands were in agricultural use at the time of enrollment. The updated definition of agricultural use is effective for assessments as of January 1, 2001.

The Honorable Fred Risser The Honorable Scott Jensen May 8, 2000 Page 2

The rule provides that, beginning with the assessments as of January 1, 2000, the assessed value of each parcel of agricultural land is its use value.

Sincerely,

Cate Zeuske

Secretary of Revenue

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Enclosures

PROPOSED ORDER OF THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE

The Wisconsin Department of Revenue proposes an order to amend TAX 18.05 (1) (a), (b), and (d); to create TAX 18.05 (1) (e); and to repeal and recreate TAX 18.08, relating to assessment of agricultural land.

ANALYSIS BY THE WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE

Statutory Authority:

ss. 70.32 (2) (c) 1., 70.32 (2r) (b) and 227.11 (2) (a), Stats.

Statutes Interpreted:

ss. 70.32 (2) (c) 1., 70.32 (2r) (b) and (c), Stats.

Under the current rule, agricultural use is defined by reference to the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Manual and includes land eligible for enrollment in specified federal agricultural programs. The rule amends the definition of agricultural use to update the 1987 SIC references to 1997 North American Industrial Classification System references. The rule also updates the references to the federal agricultural programs and provides that land enrolled in those programs is in agricultural use. The rule also defines land enrolled in specified state agricultural programs as being in agricultural use if such lands were in agricultural use at the time of enrollment. The updated definition of agricultural use is effective for assessments as of January 1, 2001.

The rule provides that, beginning with the assessments as of January 1, 2000, the assessed value of each parcel of agricultural land is its use value.

SECTION 1. Section TAX 18.05 (1) (a), (b) and (d) are amended to read:

TAX 18.05 Definitions. In this subchapter:

- (1) "Agricultural use" means any of the following:
 - (a) Activities included in major group 01 agricultural production-crops, set forth in the standard industrial classification manual, 1987 edition, subsector 111 Crop Production, set forth in the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), United States, 1997, published by the executive office of the president, U.S. office of management and budget. "Agricultural use" does not include growing short rotation woody trees with a growing and harvesting cycle of 10 years or less for pulp or tree stock under NAICS industry 111421.
 - (b) Activities included in major group 02 -- agricultural production-livestock and animal specialties, set forth in the standard industrial classification manual, 1987 edition, subsector 112 Animal Production, set forth in the North American Industry Classification System, United States, 1997, published by the executive office of the president, U.S. office of management and budget.

Note: Major group 01 – agricultural production-crops and major group 02 – agricultural production-livestock and animal specialties, set forth in the standard industrial classification manual, 1987 edition, Subsector 111 Crop Production and subsector 112 Animal Production, set forth in the North American Industry Classification System, United States, 1997, published by the executive office of the president, U.S. office of management and budget, are reproduced in full in the Wisconsin property assessment manual under s. 73.03(2a), Stats. In addition, copies are on file with the department, the secretary of state, and the revisor of statutes.

(d) Land eligible for enrollment enrolled in any of the following federal agriculture programs: the conservation reserve program 4991-1995 under 7 C.F.R. 1410; the conservation reserve program 1986-1990 under 7 C.F.R. 704; the feed grain program under 7 C.F.R. 1413; the water bank program under 7 C.F.R. 752; the agricultural conservation program under 7 C.F.R. 701; or the dairy price support program under 7 C.F.R. 1430 and 282 or, provided that the land was in agricultural use under par. (a), (b) or (c) at the time of enrollment, the environmental quality incentives program under 7 C.F.R. 1466 or the conservation contract program under 7 C.F.R. 1951, Subpt. S, Exh. H.

SECTION 2. Section TAX 18.05 (1) (e) is created to read:

(e) Land that is subject to an easement under any of the following programs provided that the land was in agricultural use under par. (a), (b) or (c) at the time the easement was acquired: the stream bank protection program under s. 23.094, Stats.; the conservation reserve enhancement program under s. 93.70, Stats.; or the nonpoint source water pollution abatement program under s. 281.65, Stats.

SECTION 3. Section TAX 18.08 is repealed and recreated to read:

TAX 18.08 Assessment of agricultural land.

Beginning with the assessments as of January 1, 2000, the assessment of each parcel of agricultural land shall be its use-value, as determined under s. TAX 18.07(3)(b).

FINAL REGULATORY FLEXIBILITY ANALYSIS

This rule order is not expected to directly affect small business and, therefore, under s. 227.114(8)(b), Stats., a regulatory flexibility analysis is not required.

Approval of the use of standards by reference in s. TAX 18.05 has been approved by the Attorney General and the Revisor of Statutes.

EFFECTIVE DATES

Sections 1 and 2 shall first take effect for the assessments as of January 1, 2001.

Section 3 shall take effect on the first day of the month following publication in the Wisconsin administrative register as provided in s. 227.22(2) (intro.), Stats.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE

Dated: N

4.

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Bv

Secretary of Revenue

WAYNE W. WOOD State Representative 44th Assembly District

COMMITTEE ASSIGNMENTS

Member: Rules State Affairs

Ranking Minority Member: Criminal Justice & Corrections Ways & Means



Misconsin Legislature Assembly

May 25, 2000

Home: 2429 Rockport Road Janesville, WI 53545 (608) 752-5485

Office: 104 North, State Capitol P.O. Box 8953 Madison, WI 53708 (608) 266-7503

State Representative Michael Lehman Chair, Assembly Committee on Ways and Means Room 103 West – State Capitol Madison, WI 53702

Dear Representative Lehman:

I am requesting that the Assembly Committee on Ways and Means hold a public hearing on CR 00-053, relating to the assessment of agricultural land.

There appears to be a question of the Department of Revenue's authority to end the process for implementing use value assessment of agricultural land.

I appreciate your consideration of this request.

Sincerely,

WAYNE W. WOOD State Representative

44th Assembly District

June 19, 2000

Rep. Wayne Wood Room 104 North, State Capitol Madison, WI 53708

Dear Rep. Wood:

I am replying to your request for the Ways and Means Committee to hold a public hearing on Clearinghouse Rule 00-053, relating to the assessment of agricultural land.

In your letter of request, you indicate that you are concerned with the Department's "authority to end the [phase-in] process for implementing use value assessment of agricultural land." This specific issue is the source of a lawsuit against the Department currently pending in the legal system. Because of the litigation, it is my feeling that it is unnecessary for the Ways and Means Committee to hold a hearing on the same issue. I would, however, encourage you to contact the Department to discuss your concerns. The Secretary's office has indicated they are willing to meet with you to discuss your concerns in this area.

If you have any other questions or concerns, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Respectfully,

MICHAEL "Mickey" LEHMAN State Representative 58th Assembly District

ML:amn

WAYNE W. WOOD
State Representative
44th Assembly District
COMMITTEE ASSIGNMENTS
Member:
Rules
State Affairs
Ranking Minority Member:
Criminal Justice & Corrections

Ways & Means



June 21, 2000

Home: 2429 Rockport Road Janesville, WI 53545 (608) 752-5485

Office: 104 North, State Capitol P.O. Box 8953 Madison, WI 53708 (608) 266-7503

State Representative Michael Lehman Chair, Assembly Ways and Means Committee Room 103 West – State Capitol Madison, WI 53702

Dear Representative Lehman: Mickey

I have received your letter regarding Clearinghouse Rule 00-053, relating to the assessment of agricultural land.

I am repeating my request for a hearing on this rule. Litigation in this case has not been assigned, and since this is a legislative issue and involves the authority of the Department of Revenue to promulgate rules, which the Legislature oversees, I feel it is appropriate for the committee to meet on this question. The Legislative Council, in reviewing this proposed rule, has indicated that the department does not have this authority and that makes it a legislative issue and appropriate for committee review.

If you would prefer that you and I meet first with the Secretary of the department and legislative council attorneys, I would be willing to do that.

I look forward to your response.

Sincerely,

WAYNE W. WOOD State Representative

44th Assembly District